B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Syllabi for Physics Theory & Practical Academic year 2013 – 14

	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics Subject	Physics Practical
Unit					Elective	
	PHY – 301	PHY – 302	PHY – 303	PHY – 304	202	PHY – 306
	4 114	4 114	4 12	4 12	PHY – 305	5 C 1"
	4 credit	4 credit	4 credit	4 credit	2 Credit	5 Credit
	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total Marks 100	Total 200 Marks
	Internal 30 Marks	Internal 30 Marks	Internal 30 Marks	Internal 30 Marks	Internal 30 Marks	Internal 60 Marks
	External 70 Marks	External 70 Marks	External 70 Marks	External 70 Marks	External 70 Marks	External 140Marks
	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	3 hrs/Week	12 hrs/Week
	Mathematical	Molecular Spectra	T1 (Electronics	Student has to	There are A, B, C
I	Physics	Moleculai Specula	Electromagnetism	Electronics	select one subject	& D Four groups.
	Tilysics				elective course	a B I our groups.
II	Mathematical	Molecular Spectra	T1 (Electronics	from the	Each group
111	Physics	Moleculai Specila	Electromagnetism	Electronics	University	consists of 5
	Thysics				approved subject	experiments.
III	Classical	Statistical	27 1 79 1	Electronics	elective courses	T. (120
1111	Mechanics	Mechanics	Nuclear Physics	Electronics		Total 20
	Wicchaines	ivicenanies				experiments.
IV	Quantum	Solid State Physics	Nuclear Physics	Electronics		
	Mechanics		1 tablear 1 mysles			

In order to give exposure of industry, research institute and higher learning in the field of physics, industrial visit may be arranged. It is expected that students of B.Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester - V & VI must visit industry/research institute / institute of higher learning.

College can also offer (Student can also select) subject elective course from the subject electives of Electronics Science Semester - V & VI.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V <u>Academic year 2013 - 14</u>

PHY - 301: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS, CLASSICAL MECHANICS & QUANTUM MECHANICS

(4 Credit: 4 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Differential equations:

Some partial differential equations in physics, the method of Separation of variables, separation of Helmboltz equation in Cartesian coordinates, in spherical polar and cylindrical Coordinates, Laplace's equation in various coordinates, Choice of coordinate system and separability of a partial differential equation, Parabolic coordinates system, Prolate Spheroidal coordinates system, various examples based on the separation of variables.

Unit – II: 2nd order differential equations:

Ordinary and Singular points, Series solution around an ordinary point, Series solution around a regular singular point: the method of Frobenius, Getting a second solution, Alternative method of getting the second solution, System of linear first order differential equations, Non-linear differential equations, related examples.

Text Book: Mathematical Physics by P.K. Chattopadhyay, New Age International Publishers (2006)

Article Nos.: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2(A – E), 2.3, A.3 (3, 4) Article Nos.: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.7 including examples.

Reference Book:

- 1. Mathematical Methods for Physicists by G. Arfken, Academic Press
- 2. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences by Mary L. Boas, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

Unit – III: Classical Mechanics:

Lagrangian Formulation:

Introduction, Constraints, holonomic and non-holonomic constraints, scleronomous and rheonomous constraints, generalized coordinates, D'alembert's principle, Lagrange's equations, a general expression for kinetic energy, Symmetries and the laws of conservation, Cyclic or ignorable coordinates (including illustrations), Velocity dependent potential of electromagnetic field, Rayleigh's dissipation function.

Motion of a rigid body:

Introduction, Euler's theorem, Angular momentum and kinetic energy, The inertia tensor, Euler's equations of motion, Torque free motion, Euler's Angles, Motion of a symmetric top, Nutational motion.

<u>Text Book:</u> Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R. G. Takawale and P. S. Puranik, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Article Nos.: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.9; Chapter 10: 10.1 to 10.7

Reference Book:

- 1. Classical Mechanics by A. B. Bhatia, Narosa Publication.
- 2. Classical Mechanics by H. Goldstein, Addison Wesley.
- 3. Classical Mechanics by J. C. Upadhyaya, Himalaya publications

Unit – IV: Quantum Mechanics: Exactly soluble Eigenvalue problems

Introduction, the simple harmonic oscillator, the Schrödinger equation and energy eigenvalues, the energy eigenfunctions, properties of stationary states, the abstract operator method, Coherent states, the angular momentum operators, the eigenvalue equation for L^2 , separation of variables, admissibility conditions on solutions, eigenvalues, the eigenfunctions, Spherical harmonics, Physical interpretation, Parity. Angular momentum in stationary states of systems with spherical symmetry

<u>Text Book:</u> A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics by P. M. Mathews and K. Venketeshan, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Article Nos.: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.12

- 1. Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications by A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Macmillan India Limited.
- 2. Quantum Mechanics by F. Schwabl, Narosa Publishing House
- 3. Quantum Mechanics by G. Aruldhas, PHI

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 302: MOLECULAR SPECTRA, STATISTICAL MECHANICS & SOLID STATE PHYSICS

(4 Credit: 4 hrs/week)

Unit – I:

Types of Molecular Spectra and Molecular Energy States: Separation of electronic and nuclear motion - The Born Oppenheimer approximation, types of molecular spectra.

Pure Rotational Spectra: Salient features of Rotational spectra, Molecular requirement for rotation spectra, experimental arrangement, Molecule as a rigid rotator, explanation of rotational spectra (without the process of solving Schrodinger equation to get energy formula), the non-rigid rotator, Isotope effect on rotational spectrum, tunable laser and pulse laser - introduction

Vibrational - Rotational Spectra: salient features of vibrational - Rotational spectra, Molecule as a harmonic oscillator, Molecule as anharmonic oscillator, Vibrational frequency and force constant for anharmonic oscillator, Fine structure of Infrared bands: Molecule as vibrating rotator, Diatomic molecule as symmetric top, Thermal distribution of vibrational and rotational levels.

Unit – II:

Raman Spectra: Nature of the Raman spectra, experimental arrangement for Raman spectra, Classical theory of Raman effect, Quantum theory of Raman effect, Raman spectra and Molecular structure, Infrared spectra versus Raman spectra, Laser as intense source.

Classification of Molecular Electronic States: Molecular electronic states, Symmetry properties of electronic eigenfunctions (symmetry classification of electronic states)

Fluorescence and Phosphorescence: Luminescence, Mechanism of fluroscent emission, Mechanism of phosphorescent emission, Fluorescence spectrum compared with Raman spectrum.

Text Book: Atomic and Molecular Spectra: Laser by Rajkumar, Kedar Nath & Ram Nath

Article Nos: Chapter 17:1, 2, Chapter 18:1-6, Chapter 19:1-4, 6-8, Chapter 20:1-6, Chapter 23:1-4, Chapter 24:1,2

Unit – III:

Formulation of Quantum Statistics: Density matrix, Liovilles theorem in Quantum Statistical Mechanics, Condition for Statistical equilibrium, Ensemble in Quantum Mechanics, Problems

Bose Einstein and Fermi Dirac Distributions: Symmetry of wave functions, the Quantum Distribution functions, the Boltzmann limit of Boson and Fermions Gases, Evaluation of the Partition function, Partition function for Diatomic Molecules (a) translation partition function (b) rotational partition function (c) vibration partition function (d)electronic partition function Equation of state for an Ideal gas, The quantum mechanical Para magnetic susceptibility, problems

<u>Text Book:</u> Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics by B. B. Laud, New Age International Publishers

Article Nos.: 7.1 - 7.4, 8.1 - 8.7

Reference Book:

- 1. Statistical Mechanics Theory and Application by S K Sinha, TMH Publishing Company Limited New Delhi:
- 2. Statistical Mechanics An introduction by Evelyn Guha, Narosa publication.
- 3. Statistical Mechanics by R.K. Patharia, Pergamon Press
- 4. Statistical Mechanics by B.K. Agarwal & Melvin Eisner, Wiley Eastern

Unit – IV: Solid State Physics

Elastic constants and elastic waves: Analysis of elastic strains, Dilation, stress components, Elastic compliance and stiffness constants, Elastic energy density, elastic stiffness constants of cubic crystals, Bulk modulus and compressibility. Elastic waves in cubic crystals, waves in the [100] direction, waves in the [110] direction.

Free electron Fermi gas: Introduction, Energy levels in one dimension, Effect of temperature on the Fermi-Dirac distribution, Free electron gas in three dimensions and density of states, Heat capacity of the electron gas and experimental heat capacity of metals, Electrical conductivity and ohm's law, Experimental electrical resistivity of metals, Thermal conductivity of metals, ratio of thermal to electrical conductivity.

<u>Text Book</u>: Introduction to Solid State Physics by C. Kittel, (Eight Edition) John Wiley and Sons.

Article Nos.: Chapters 3 & 6

Reference book:

Elements of Solid State Physics by J. P. Srivastava, Prentie-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY- 303: Electromagnetism and Nuclear Physics

(4 Credit: 4 hrs/week)

Unit – I:

Electromagnetic induction: Hysterisis, Maxwell's equations, Decay of free charge, Potentials of electromagnetic fields, More about the Lorentz gauge condition, Field energy and Field momentum.

Electromagnetic waves: Plane waves in non-conducting media, Polarizations, Energy flux in a plane wave, Radiation pressure and Momentum, Plane waves in conducting medium, Skin effect.

Unit – II:

Electromagnetic Radiation: Retarded Potential, Radiation from an oscillating dipole, Linear Antenna, Lienaed-Wiechert Potentials, Potentials for a charge in uniform motion – Lorentz formula, Fields of an accelerated charge, Radiation from an acceleration charged particle at low velocity, Radiation when the velocity and acceleration of the particles are collinear, Radiation from a charged particle moving in a circular orbit, Elective quadrupole radiation.

Text Book: Electromagnetics by B. B. Laud, 2nd Editon, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Article Nos.: 5.7 - 5.12, 6.1 - 6.6

Article Nos.: 9.1 – 9.10

Unit – III: Alpha and Beta Rays:

Alpha Rays: Range of alpha particles, Disintegration energy of the spontaneous alpha decay, Alpha decay paradox - barrier penetration.

Beta Rays: Introduction, Continuous Beta ray spectrum - difficulties encountered to understand it, Pauli's Neutrino Hypothesis, Fermi's theory of Beta decay, the detection of neutrino, Parity non-conservation in Beta decay.

Unit – IV: Gamma Rays and The liquid drop model of the nucleus:

Gamma Rays: Introduction, Gamma-ray emission – selection rules, Internal conversion, Nuclear isomerism. **The liquid drop model of the nucleus:** Introduction, Binding energies of nuclei: plot of B/A against A., Weizsacher's semi empirical mass formula Mass parabolas: prediction of stability against Beta decay for members of an isobaric family, Stability limits against spontaneous fission, Barrier penetration - decay probabilities for spontaneous fission, Nucleon emission.

<u>Text Book:</u> Nuclear Physics - An Introduction by S.B. Patel, New Age International.

Article Nos.: 4-II-1 to 4-II-3, 4-III-1 to 4-III-6, 4-IV-1 to 4-IV-4, 5.1 to 5.7

- 1. Introduction to Nuclear Physics by H.Enge, Addison Wesley
- 2. Nuclear Physics by D. C. Tayal, Himalaya Publisher
- 3. Nuclear Physics by Irvin Kaplanl
- 4. Modern Physics by Kenneth Krane, John Wiley and sons.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

<u>PHY – 304: Linear & Non-Linear Electronics circuits</u> (4 Credit : 4 hrs/week)

UNIT – I: General amplifier characteristics:

Introduction, concept of amplification, amplifier notations, current gain, voltage gain, power gain, amplifier input resistance, amplifier output resistance, maximum power transfer, conversion efficiency, classes of amplifier operation, harmonic distortion, three point method of calculating harmonic distortion, five point method of calculating harmonic distortion, oscilloscope display of an amplifier dynamic transfer curve, measurement of harmonic distortion, other types of amplifier distortion, decibels, other equations for decibel computation, zero dB reference level, use of voltmeter as dB indicator, voltmeter range correction factor, impedance correction factor, frequency response curves, amplifier bandwidth, phase relationship in amplifier square wave testing.

<u>Text Book:</u> Electronic Devices and circuits – An Introduction by Allen Mottershead, Printice-Hall of India Private Limited

Article Nos. 7.1 - 7.16, 8.1 - 8.8, 8.10, 8.11

UNIT - II: Frequency response of a transistor amplifier:

Low frequency response of a transistor amplifier:

Effect of an emitter by pass capacitor on low frequency response, effect of coupling capacitor on low frequency response, cascading of CE stages, mid frequency gains, low frequency response of cascaded stages amplifier, low frequency response to a square wave, transformer coupled transistor amplifier, low frequency response of TC amplifier, step response of a TC amplifier.

High frequency response of a transistor amplifier:

High frequency model for a CE amplifier, approximate CE high frequency model with a resistive load, CE short circuit current gain, high frequency current gain with a resistive load, high frequency response of cascaded CE stages, amplifier high frequency response to a square wave high frequency response of a transformer coupled amplifier.

<u>Text Book:</u> Electronic Devices and circuits – An Introduction by Allen Mottershead, Printice-Hall of India Private Limited

Article Nos.: 15.1 – 15.8, 16.1 – 16.7

UNIT - III: Circuit analysis, design and Flip-Flop:

Circuit analysis and design:

Boolean laws and theorems, sum of products method, truth table to Karnaugh map, pairs, quads and octets, Karnaugh simplification, don't care conditions, product of sums method product of sums simplification, Exclusive OR gate.

FLIP- FLOP:

RS flip flop, clocked RS flip flop, D flip flop, Edged triggered D flip flop, JK flip flop, JK master slave flip flop Book recommended: Digital Principles and Applications by Malvino and Leach Article Nos.: 2.1 - 2.8, 3.7

UNIT – IV: Network Transformations:

Reduction of complicated network, conversion between T and π sections, bridge T network, the lattice network, superposition theorem, the reciprocity theorem, thevenin's theorem, Norton theorem, maximum power transfer theorem, compensation theorem.

Resonance: Definition of Q, the figure of merit, series resonance, Bandwidth of the series resonant circuit, parallel resonance or antirsonance, current in antiresonant circuits, Bandwidth of antiresonant circuits.

Text Book: Network Lines and Field by J D Ryder. (1.4 to 1.13, 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6, 2.8)

Reference Books: Network Analysis by M. S. Van Valkenburg

Network Analysis by G K Mithal

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 305: SEC_A: Nanoscience and nanotechnology (2 Credit : 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Introduction to Nanomaterials:

Introduction to nano-sized materials and structures, Definitions of nanomaterials, Brief history of Nanomaterials and challenges in Nanotechnology, Properties of Nanomaterials: Effect of reduction of dimensions, quantum size effects, Mechanical, Thermal, Optical and Magnetic properties of nanomaterials

Unit – II: Methods of Synthesis of Nanomaterials:

Bottom-up and Top-down approaches - Mechanical method: High Energy Ball Milling, Methods based on evaporation (Physical Vapour Deposition), Chemical Vapour Deposition, Chemical Methods: Colloidal Method and Sol-gel Method

Special Nanomaterials:

Carbon Nanotubes (CNT), Types -Single walled, multiwalled CNT, Structures and properties of CNTs, Synthesis of carbon nanotubes

Unit – III: Analytical (Characterization) Technique:

Microscopes: Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), X-ray diffraction

Applications: Eelectronics, Biotechnology and Medical, Automobiles, Space, Defense, Sports, Cosmetics, Cloth Industry.

Text Book:

Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices by Sulbha K Kulkarni, Capital Publishing Co. New Delhi.

Reference:

- Introduction to Nanotechnology, C.P. Poole Jr. and F.J. Ownes, Wiley Publication.
- 2. Nanoscience and Technology eds. R.W.Kelsall, I.W. Hemley & M. Geoghehan, John Wiley and sons
- 3. Introduction to Nanoscience and nanotechnology by K.K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2012
- 4. Origin and Development of Nanotechnology, P.K.Sharma, Vista International Publishing House

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 305: SEC_B: Atmospheric Science (2 Credit: 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Introduction and Chemistry of Earth's atmosphere:

Evolution of earth's atmosphere, Nitrogen, hydrogen halogen, sulfur, carbon-containing compounds in the atmosphere, ozone and neutralchemistry, chemical and photochemical processes, Chemical and dynamical life time of atmospheric constituent. Eddy diffusion and Turbulence.

Unit – II: Ozone in the Atmosphere:

Evolution of the ozone layer, sources and sinks of tropospheric and stratospheric ozone, chlorofluorocarbons, ozone and UV-radiations, supersonic transport.

Unit – II: Atmospheric aerosols:

Concentration and size, sources, and transformation, Chemical composition, transport and sinks, residence times of aerosols, geographical distribution and atmospheric effects, Air Pollution: Sources of anthropogenic pollution, Emission Inventory, Atmospheric effects- smog, visibility. Measurements of Particulate matters, SOx, NOx and CO

- 1. Introduction to Atmospheric Chemistry by P.V. Hobbs
- 2. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics : From Air Pollution to Climate Change by John H. Seinfeld, Spyros N. Pandis
- 3. Chemistry of the Upper and Lower Atmosphere by Barbara J. Finlayson-Pitts, Jr., James N. Pitts.
- 4. Chemistry of Atmospheres by Richard P. Wayne.
- 5. Basic Physical Chemistry for Atmospheric Sciences by P.V. Hobbs

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 305: SEC_C: Object Oriented Programming : C++ (2 Credit : 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Introduction to Object Oriented Programming:

C++ fundamentals, Classes and Objects, Constructors and destructors, Inline functions, Friend functions and classes. Static class members: Static data members and member functions

Unit - II: Arrays, Pointers, References, Overloading Function and Operator

Array of objects, References, Pointers to objects, Function overloading, copy constructors and Default arguments, Creating a member Operator Function, Overloading *new* and *delete*

Unit – III: Exception handling and I/O system

Exception handling Fundamentals, Handling derived class exceptions, Streams and stream classes, Formatted I/O, Opening and closing files, Reading and writing text files

In addition to above content, student has to learn following exercise

- 1. Write a program to find average of two numbers.
- 2. Write a program to convert and display temperature in Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa.
- 3. Write a program to evaluate the following equation/series: $\sin x = x-x^3/3!+x^5/5!-x^7/7!+...$
- 4. Write a program to input data and display with Class and Objects.
- 5. Write a program to add time data in hours and minutes format.
- 6. Write a program for arithmetic operator overloading.
- 7. Write a program for function overloading.
- 8. Write a program to display string:

Recommended Reference Books:-

- 1. The complete reference C++ : Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 2. Object Oriented Programming in C++: Robert Lafore Galgotia Publication.
- 3. C++ : Effective Object Oriented Software Construction Kayshav Dattari.
- 4. Object Oriented Programming using C++ Addition Wesley.
- 5. Object Oriented Programming in C++ Bala Guruswamy.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 305: SEC_D: PHYSICS PROJECT (2 Credit)

College authority / Concern department will assign a project guide and student has to work under allotted project supervisor for the project. Student has to submit project report and give a project presentation and project viva-voce. Project supervisor has to take care such that the subject of the project falls under the category of PHYSICS.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

Physics Practical: PHY - 306

(5 credit: 12 hrs/week)

Total: 200 Marks Internal: 60 Marks External: 140 Marks

There are A, B, C & D four groups. Each group consists of 5 experiments. Total 20 experiments.

External examination 140 Marks

Group A: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group B: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group C: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group D: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Practical batch size: Maximum 10 students

In order to give exposure of industry, research institute and higher learning in the field of physics, industrial visit may be arranged. It is expected that students of B.Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester - V & VI must visit industry/research institute / institute of higher learning.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – V Academic year 2013 - 14

Physics Practical: PHY – 306 (5 credit : 12 hrs/week)

> Total: 200 Marks Internal: 60 Marks External: 140 Marks

N0	GROUP- A
01	Acceleration due to gravity by Kater's pendulum (fixed knife edges).
02	To determine melting point of a substance by platinum resistance thermometer using Callender-
	Griffiths bridge.
03	Characteristics of G.M. Tube.
04	Viscosity by Log decrement
05	

N0	GROUP-B		
01	Refractive index by total internal reflection using Gauss eye piece.		
02	Fabry-Perot etalon. Determination of the thickness of air film and wavelength of light		
	using spectrometer.		
03	Michelson interferometer. To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light.		
04	Absorption spectrum of Iodine molecule.		
05	An optical method of determining dielectric constant, dipole moment and polarizability of a polar		
	liquid using Hollow prism		

N0	GROUP- C
01	Mutual Inductance by Ballistic Galvanometer
02	Determination of capacity of Scherreing Bridge
03	Determination of Curie temperature of ferroelectric ceramic
04	I -V Characteristics of Solar Cell and to determine fill-factor, voltage-factor and efficiency
05	Determination of unknown frequency using Wein Bridge

N0	GROUP- D
01	Hartley Oscillator. Measurement of frequency by C.R.O. (Transisterised).
02	Series and parallel resonance. To find the band width and Q value of a coil.
03	Frequency response of CE amplifier
04	Half adder, Full adder and substractor using IC 7483.
05	A.C. Circuit analysis by C.R.O. Measurement of frequency and phase difference

- Practical Physics by S.L.Gupta & V kumar
 Advanced Practical Physics I & II by S.P.Singh, Pragati prakashan vol. 1 & 2.
 B.Sc. Practical Physics by C.L.Arora, S Chand.
- 4. An advanced course in Practical Physics by D. Chattopadhyay & P.C.Rakshit, New central Book Agency (P), Kolkata.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Syllabi for Physics Theory & Practical Academic year 2013 – 14

Unit	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics theory	Physics Subject Elective	Physics Practical
Unit	PHY – 307	PHY – 308	PHY – 309	PHY - 310		PHY – 312
	4 credit	4 credit	4 credit	4 credit	PHY – 311 2 Credit	5 Credit
	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total 100 Marks	Total Marks 100	Total 200 Marks
	Internal 30 Marks External 70 Marks	Internal 60 Marks External 140Marks				
	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	4 hrs/Week	3 hrs/Week	12 hrs/Week
I	Mathematical Physics	Molecular Spectra	Plasma Physics	Electronics	Student has to select one subject elective course	There are A, B, C & D Four groups.
II	Classical Mechanics	Statistical Mechanics	Plasma Physics	Electronics	from the University approved subject elective courses	Each group consists of 5 experiments.
III	Quantum Mechanics	Solid State Physics	Nuclear Physics	Electronics	cicca ve courses	Total 20 experiments.
IV	Quantum Mechanics	Solid State Physics	Nuclear Physics	Electronics		

In order to give exposure of industry, research institute and higher learning in the field of physics, industrial visit may be arranged. It is expected that students of B.Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester - V & VI must visit industry/research institute / institute of higher learning.

College can also offer (Student can also select) subject elective course from the subject electives of Electronics Science Semester -V & VI.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 307: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS, CLASSICAL MECHANICS & QUANTUM MECHANICS

(4 Credit: 4 hrs/week)

Unit − **I**: Some special functions in Physics:

Bessel functions, Bessel functions of the second kind, Henkel functions, Spherical Bessel functions, Legendre polynomials, Associated Legendre polynomials and spherical harmonics, Hermite polynomials, Laguerre polynomials, The gamma function, the Dirac delta function, examples.

<u>Text Book:</u> Mathematical Physics by P.K. Chattopadhyay, New Age International Publishers (2006)

Article Nos.: Chapter 5: 5.1 - 5.9 including examples.

Reference Book:

- 1. Mathematical Methods for Physicists by G. Arfken, Academic Press
- 2. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences by Mary L. Boas, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

Unit – II: Variational principle: Lagrange's and Hamiltons equations:

Introduction, Configuration space, Some techniques of calculus of variation, the delta-notation, Applications of the variational principle, Hamilton's principle, Equivalence of Lagrange's and Newton's equations, Advantages of the Lagrangian formulation -Electromechanical analogies, Lagrange's undetermined multipliers, Lagrange's equation for non-holonomic systems, Applications of the Lagrangian method of undetermined multipliers, Hamilton's equations of motion, some applications of the Hamiltonian formulation, Phase space, Comments on the Hamiltonian formulation.

<u>Text Book:</u> Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R. G. Takawale and P. S. Puranik, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Article Nos.: Chapter 11: 11.1 - 11.13

Reference Book:

- 1. Classical Mechanics by A. B. Bhatia, Narosa Publication.
- 2. Classical Mechanics by H. Goldstein, Addison Wesley.
- 3. Classical Mechanics by J. C. Upadhyaya, Himalaya publications

Unit – III: Three dimensional square well potential:

Solutions in interior region, Solutions in the exterior Region and Matching, Solution of the radial Equation: energy levels, Stationary state wave functions, Discussion of bound states, Solution of confluent hypergeometric functions, non localized states, solution in parabolic coordinates, the anisotropic oscillator, the isotropic oscillator, normal modes of coupled systems of particles, a charged particle in a uniform magnetic field.

Unit – IV: Representations, Transformations and Symmetries:

Quantum states, state vectors and wave function, The Hilbert space of state vectors, Dirac notation, Dynamical variables and linear operators, Representations, Continuous basis - The Schrödinger representation, Degeneracy, Labeling by commuting observable, change of basis, Unitary transformations, Unitary transformation induced by change of coordinate system: translation, Unitary transformation induced by Rotation of coordinate system, The algebra of Rotation generators, transformation of dynamical variables, Symmetries and conservation laws, the space inversion, time reversal.

<u>Text Book:</u> A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics by P. M. Mathews and K. Venketeshan, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Article Nos.: Chapter 4: 4.13 - 4.21 Article Nos.: Chapter 7: 7.1 - 7.14

- 1. Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications by A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Macmillan India Limited.
- 2. Quantum Mechanics by F. Schwabl, Narosa Publishing House
- 3. Quantum Mechanics by G. Aruldhas, PHI

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

<u>PHY – 308: Electronic Spectra, Statistical Mechanics & Solid State Physics</u> (4 Credit : 4 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Electronic Spectra:

Electronic Spectra, salient features, formation of electronic spectra, Vibrational (Gross) structure of electronic band system in emission, electronic band spectra in absorption, Rotational structure of electronic bands; Rotational structure of three branch bands; observed intensity distribution (vibrational) in band systems: Franck-Condon principle; explanation of intensity distribution in absorption bands from Franck-Condon principle. Explanation of intensity distribution in emission bands: Condon parabola. Line intensities in a band: Rotational intensity distribution. Quantum mechanical Exploting Franck-Condon principle.

Text Book: Atomic and Molecular Spectra: Laser by Rajkumar, Kedar Nath & Ram Nath

Article Nos: Chapter 21:1-11

Unit – II: Transport Phenomena:

Introduction, Mean collision time, Scattering cross-section, viscosity, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, thermionic emission, photoelectric effect, molecular collision, effusion, diffusion, Brownian motion, Einstein's relation for mobility

Text Book: Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics by B. B. Laud, New Age International Publishers

Article Nos.: 12.1 – 12.12

Reference Book:

- 1. Statistical Mechanics Theory and Application by S K Sinha, Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Company Limited New Delhi:
- 2. Statistical Mechanics An introduction by Evelyn Guha, Narosa publication.
- 3. Statistical Mechanics by R.K. Patharia, Pergamon Press
- 4. Statistical Mechanics by B.K. Agarwal & Melvin Eisner, Wiley Eastern

UNIT - III: Theory of Dielectrics:

Polarization, Dielectric constant, Local Electric field, Dielectric polarizability, Sources of polarizability, theory of electric polarizability and optical absorption, ionic polarization, polarization from dipole orientation, dielectric losses, Applications to optical phonon modes in ionic crystals, the longitudinal optical mode, the transverse optical mode, the interaction of electromagnetic waves with optical modes, application to the motion of electrons in polar crystals.

Unit – IV: Diamagnetism and paramagnetism:

Langevin's theory of diamagnetism, Langevin's theory of paramagnetism, theory of atomic magnetic moment, Hund's Rule, Quantum theory of magnetic susceptibility: A quantum mechanical formulation, Dimagnetism, Paramegnetism, application to magnetic ions in solids: effect of the crystal field, van Vleck paramagnetism, Pauli paramagnetism, Nuclear paramagnetism, Cooling by adiabetic demagnetization, magnetic resonance, ESR, NMR, Spin relaxation, line width and line shape

Text Book: Elements of Solid State Physics by J. P. Srivastava, Prentie-Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi

Article Nos.: 10.1 – 10.10 Article Nos.: 13.1 – 13.9

Reference book:

Introduction to Solid State Physics by C. Kittel, (Eight Edition) John Wiley and Sons.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 309: Nuclear Physics (4 Credit: 4 hrs/week)

Unit – I:

Motion of charged particles in Magnetic & Electric field:

Microscopic & Macroscopic description, Maxwell's equation & charge conservation, Motion of a charged particle in electric & Magnetic fields, Uniform magnetic field & Oscillating electric field, Drift velocity in a gravitational field, Magnetic field varying in space & time: adiabatic variance of the magnetic moment, Inhomogeneous magnetic field: gradient drift & curvature drift, peculiarity of drift motions, Converging magnetic field: magnetic mirror, Longitudinal adiabatic invariant, Periodic magnetic field: Gyro relaxation effect, Motion of magnetic lines of force.

Unit – II:

Characteristics of plasma in magnetic field: Description of plasma as gas mixture, Properties of plasma in a magnetic field, Force on plasma in magnetic field, Current in magnetized plasma, Diffusion in a magnetic field, Collisions in fully ionized magnetoplasma, Pinch effect, Oscillations and waves in the Plasma.

Application of Boltzmann-Vlasov equation on plasma: Boltzmann equation, screening, Equilibrium distribution function and Boltzmann's H-theorem, Application of B-V equation to longitudinal waves: Dispersion relations., Initial value problem: Landau damping, Cyclotron damping, Excitation, two-stream instability: Beam plasma instability, Pinch instability, Plasma sheath, Non-linear effects

Text book: Elements of Plasma Physics by S. N. Goswami, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.

Article Nos.: 2.1 - 2.12, 3.1 - 3.8, 4.3 - 4.12

Reference Book:

Introduction to Plasma Physics by F.F. Chen, Plenum Press, 2nd ed

Unit – III:

Nuclear Energy: Introduction, Neutron induced fission, Asymmetrical fission - mass yield, Emission of delayed neutrons by fission fragments, Energy released in the fission of U^{235} , Fission of lighter nuclei, Fission chain reaction, neutron cycle in a thermal nuclear reactor, Nuclear reactors.

Nuclear Physics in other areas of Physics: The Mossbaur effect, some experiments using Mossbaur effect, Natural Fusion - energy production in stars, Possibility of controlled fusion.

Unit – IV: Elementary particles:

The four basic forces, Particles and antiparticles, Families of particles, conservation laws, particle interactions and decays, energetics of particle reactions, the quark model, the standard model, Numerical Examples.

<u>Text Book:</u> Nuclear Physics - An Introduction by S. B. Patel, New Age International.

Article Nos.: 6.1 to 6.9, 9.5 to 9.7

Modern Physics by Kenneth Krane, John Wiley and sons.

Article Nos.: 14.1 – 14.9

Reference Books:

Introduction to Nuclear Physics by H.Enge, Addison Wesley

Nuclear Physics by D. C. Tayal, Himalaya Publisher

Nuclear Physics by Irving Kaplan

Concept of Modern Physics by A. Beiser, McGraw Hill International Edition, 4th Ed

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 310: Linear & Non-Linear Electronics circuits (4 Credit : 4 hrs/week)

UNIT – I:

Negative Feedback in transistor amplifier: General theory of feedback, reasons for negative feedback, loop gain, types of negative feedback in transistor circuits,

Transistor Oscillators: Introduction, Effect of positive feedback, requirements for oscillations, the phase shift oscillator, Wien bridge oscillator, LC oscillators, Colpit and Hearley oscillators with analysis.

<u>Text Book:</u> Electronic Devices and circuits – An introduction by Allen Mottershead

Article Nos.: 17.1 to 17.4, 18.1 to 18.7

Hand Book of Electronics by Gupta and Kumar

Article Nos.: 22.4, 22.5

UNIT - II:

Field effect transistor amplifier: Advantages and disadvantages of the FET, Basic construction of the JFET, Characteristics curve of the JFET, Principle of operation of the JFET, Effect of the V_{DS} on channel conductivity, Channel ohmic region and pinch off region. Characteristics parameters of the FET, Common source AC amplifier

Operational Amplifier: The basic operational amplifier, the differential amplifier, offset error voltages and currents, the basic operational amplifier application,

Text Book: Electronic Devices and circuits - An introduction by Allen Mottershead

Article Nos.: 21.1 to 21.7, 21.9

Integrated Electronics by Millman Halkias

Article Nos.: 15.1, 15.2, 15.6, 16.1

UNIT - III:

Arithmetic circuits: Binary addition binary subtraction, unsigned binary number, sign magnitude numbers, 2 S compliment representation, 2' S compliment arithmetic building blocks the adder - subtructactor, binary multiplication and division, Digital comparator, decoder, demultiplexer, data selector, encorder.

Text Book: Digital Principles and Applications by Malvino and Leach

Article Nos.: 5.1 to 5.9

UNIT - IV:

Regulated Power Supply: Introduction, stabilization, limitations of Zener diode regulator, Transistor series voltage regulator, transistor shunt voltage regulator, a series regular with two transistors, current regulator

Text Book: Electronic Devices & Circuits by A. Mottershead

Article Nos.: 28.2 to 28.4

Electronic Instruments :Cathode ray oscilloscope: CRO, CRT, electrongun, deflecting plates, screen, methods of focusing, deflection systems, mathematical expression for electrostatic deflection sensitivity, electromagnetic deflection system, magnetic deflection in CRT, Time base (without circuits), CRO Parts, operation of a typical oscilloscope control, uses of CRO.

Text Book: Electronic & Radio Engineering by M. L. Gupta, Dhanpat Rai & Sons.

Article Nos.: 36.1 to 36.11, 36.17, 36.18, 36.20.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 311: SEC_A: Experimental and Measurement Techniques (2 Credit: 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I:

Numerical analysis in physical measurement:

Measurement, The result of a measurement, Sources of uncertainty and experimental error, Systematic error, Random error, Definition of uncertainty, The analysis of repeated measurements, Mathematical description of data distribution functions.

Unit – II:

Temperature and Optical measurement Techniques

Transducer definition, Transducer characteristics, Temperature measurements, Definition of temperature, Temperature transducers: Resistance thermometers, Thermistors, Thermocouples, Thermal radiation temperature measurements: Infra red pyrometers, Low temperature thermometry, Optical measurements: Bolometers, Photoconductive detectors, Photoemissive detectors.

Unit – III:

Units of pressure measurement, Characteristics of vacuum, Applications of vacuum, Vacuum systems, Vacuum pumps: mechanical rotary pump, multistage diffusion pump, Vacuum gauges: Pirani gauge, penning cold cathode gauge, capacitance gauge, pumping speed for a vacuum system, leak testing.

<u>Text Book:</u> Measurement, Instrumentation and Experiment Design in Physics and Engineering by Michael Syer and Abhai Mansingh, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Article No: 1.1 to 1.8, 2.2, 2.3, 3.1 to 3.6, 6.1 to 6.7)

- 5. Experimental Methods for Engineers by J.P. Holman, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. Advanced Experimental Techniques in Modern Physics by K. Muraleedhara Varier, Anthony Jodrph, P.P Pradyumanan, Pragati Prakashan

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 311: SEC_B: Instrumentation (2 Credit: 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I: Transducers:

What is a transducer? Classification of transducers, classification based on electrical principle involved, resistive position transducer, resistance pressure transducer, Inductive pressure transducer, capacitive pressure transducer, self inductive transducer, linear variable differential transformer (LVDT), piezoelectric transducer, strain gauge, temperature transducers, resistance temperature detectors, thermistors, thermocouples, ultrasonic temperature transducers, photoelectric transducers.

Unit – II: Electronic Instruments:

Introduction, analog and digital instruments, functions of instruments, electronic versus electric instruments, essentials of an electronic instrument, measurement standards, the basic meter movement, characteristics of moving coil meter measurement, variations of basic meter movement, converting basic meter to dc ammeter, multirange multimeter, measurement of current, converting basic meter to dc voltmeter, multirange dc voltmeter, loading effect of a voltmeter, ohmmeter multimeter, rectifier type of ac meter, electronic voltmeter, direct current VTVM, comparison of VOM and VTVM, direct current FETVM, digital voltmeter.

<u>Text book:</u> Basic electronics Solid State by B. L. Tharaja (1st multicolour illustrative edition)

Unit – III: Signal Generators:

Introduction, fixed frequency AF oscillator, variable oscillator, basic standard signal generator (sine wave), standard signal generator, modern laboratory signal generator, AF sine and square wave generator, function generator, square and pulse generator, random noise generator, sweep generator.

Text book: Electronic instrumentation by H. S. Kalsi

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 311: SEC_C: Visual Basics (2 Credit: 3 hrs/week)

Unit – I:

Introduction to the VB Environment

Visual Basic 6.0, Overview & Terminology, Event driven programming, VB Programming

Creating the User Interface

Building the User Interface Creating an Application Building Menus

<u>Unit – II:</u>

VB Programming Language

Event Handling Using Properties Methods Naming Conventions Variables Variable Scope Constants Arrays User Defined Types Comments Continuation Statements Assignment Statements Operators Loops & Decision structures

<u>Unit – III:</u>

Error handling and debugging

Error Handling, Avoid Variable Name Errors, □ Setting Your Own Error Codes, □ Simulating
A Visual Basic Error, \square Catering for Unexpected Errors, \square Delayed Error Handling Turning
Off Error Handling, Function Specific Error, Procedures, Debugging your code, Using
the Debug, Window Passively, Using the Debug Window Actively,

In addition to above content, student has to learn following exercise:-

- 1. Prepare a Simple Calculator in VB.
- 2. Write a VB script to input any number N and Calculate its Factorial.
- 3. Write a VB script to print first 25 terms of Fibonacci Sequence.
- 4. Write a VB script to print prime number from 1 to 100.
- 5. Write a VB script to print Automorphic number from 1 to 100.

- 1. Visual Basics. Net (Version 2012)
- 2. Mastering in Visual Basic 6.0 BPB publications Evangelos Petroutsos
- 3. SAMS Teach Yourself Visual Basic 6.0 in 21 Days Techmedia By Greg Perry
- 4. The Complete Reference Visaul Basic 6.0
 Tata Mcgraw-Hill Publishing Pvt.Ltd. by Noel Jerke

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

PHY – 311: SEC_D: PHYSICS PROJECT (2 Credit)

College authority / Concern department will assign a project guide and student has to work under allotted project supervisor for the project. Student has to submit project report and give a project presentation and project viva-voce. Project supervisor has to take care such that the subject of the project falls under the category of PHYSICS.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

Physics Practical: PHY – 312 (5 credits: 12 hrs/week)

Total: 200 Marks Internal: 60 Marks External: 140 Marks

There are A, B, C & D four groups. Each group consists of 5 experiments. Total 20 experiments.

External examination 140 Marks

Group A: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group B: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group C: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Group D: One Practical: 35 Marks: 3 Hrs

Practical batch size: Maximum 10 students

In order to give exposure of industry, research institute and higher learning in the field of physics, industrial visit may be arranged. It is expected that students of B.Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester - V & VI must visit industry/research institute / institute of higher learning.

B. Sc. (PHYSICS) Semester – VI Academic year 2013 - 14

Physics Practical: PHY – 312 (5 Credit: 12 hrs/week)

N0	GROUP- A
01	Acceleration due to gravity by Kater's pendulum (variable knife edge)
02	e/k by power transistor.
03	Hall effect.
04	Study of thermocouple.
05	To find the value of permeability of free space

N0	GROUP- B
01	Michelson interferometer - To determination of "d" of
02	To calibrate the spectrometer using Edser-Butler plate.
03	To analyse elliptically polarized light using Babinates compensator.
04	To determine the charge on electron by Millikan's experiment.
05	Determination of dead time of G.M. tube.
	Comparison of relative intensities of different sources using G.M. Tube.

N0	GROUP- C
01	Heaviside mutual inductance bridge.
02	Self inductance of a coil by Rayleigh's method.
03	Use of Excell for data analysis and graph plotting.
04	Susceptibility of ferromagnetic substance by Quink's method (Magnetic fluid).
05	Study of Hysterisis using C.R.O.

N0	GROUP- D
01	Frequency response of a common sorce FET amplifier.
02	Colpitts oscillator.
03	Negative feedback amplifier using transistor.
04	Study of voltage regulated circuit using IC7805
05	To measure a threshold current of a LASER diode at room temperature.

- 1. Practical Physics by S.L.Gupta & V kumar
- 2. Advanced Practical Physics I & II by S.P.Singh, Pragati prakashan vol. 1 & 2.
- 3. B.Sc. Practical Physics by C.L.Arora, S Chand.
- 4. An advanced course in Practical Physics by D. Chattopadhyay & P.C.Rakshit, New central Book Agency (P), Kolkata.